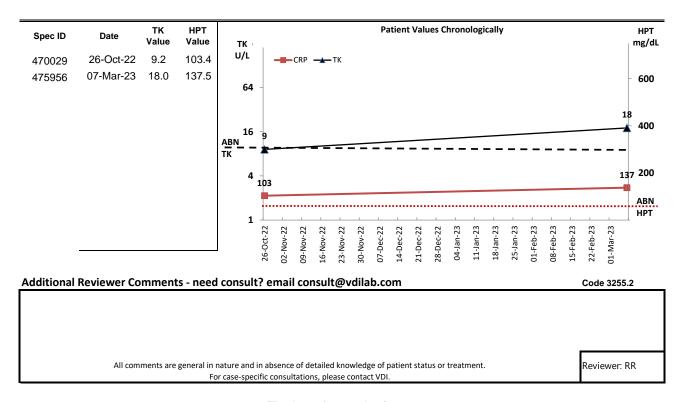


Intrepretative Comment

Feline Cancer Panel Report

Patient values for TK1 and HPT are above the critical thresholds. Both TK1 and HPT have significantly increased from prior and may be indicative of developing cancer. Patient should be evaluated for source. If the patient is on corticosteroids, other anti-inflammatory medication, or has uncontrolled Cushings, it can suppress HPT.



Patient Monitoring Provides Guidance

Thymidine Kinase, type 1 (TK1) is a DNA proliferation enzyme and is elevated in dividing cancer cells. During therapy (chemo/surgery) the source of TK1 is reduced/eliminated and serum TK1 (sTK1) levels will fall. Conversely, growing cancer cells during disease recurrence will increase sTK1 levels. Suspected undiagnosed patients can also be followed in the same manner. This makes the Cancer Panel an effective tool for patient monitoring. Need Consultation? email consult@vdilab.com

INTERPRET THE REPORT

VDI Cancer Panel monitoring reports come with a number of important indicators. Use the key below to interpret what the results mean in context with your patient.

Significant Change

a change of 40% or more from prior. Studies show this level of change can precede cancer recurrence.

| Indicator | What does it signify? | What does it mean? |
|-----------|--|--|
| | | Indicates therapy is effective in reducing or eliminating the tumor or inflammation |
| TK1 Only | Significant increase in TK1 however TK1 remains below the 9U/L threshold | Indicates the level of change is worth watching – changes in clinical status of the patient is important |
| 1 | Significant increase in the biomarker above critical thresholds | Studies show this level of change in TK1 often precedes cancer recurrence, or is consistent with malignant tumor growth. |

Trending

2 or more data points in the same direction. Short-term trending events are the most valuable in confirming cancer recurrence.

| Indicator | What does it signify? | What does it mean? | |
|-----------|---|---|--|
| ↓ | Significant trend of 2 or more data points in the reduction or improvement of biomarker | Downward trending provides confirmation of effective therapy | |
| | 2 data points in the same direction of high biomarker levels | Jpward trending has high probability of disease recurrence TK1) or growing inflammation (CRP/HPT) and requires | |
| 111 | 3 data points in the same direction of high biomarker levels | immediate intervention with either a change in therapy or rescue therapy | |

RETEST WINDOW

Depending upon the type of cancer different monitoring intervals are recommended (see below). Use the chart below to identify appropriate retest window for this patient. These windows may be adjusted by the presence of clinical signs or elevated CAR (CRP/Albumin Ratio). Repeat tests within 6 months of previous automatically receive a discounted rate.

| Monitoring Purpose | Retest Window | Notes | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| Developing Disease, but unconfirmed | | | |
| Lymphoma, HSA, fast cancers | Apr 04 - Apr 18 | | |
| Solid Tumors, slow/indolent cancers | May 06 - Jul 05 | Retest window is recommended based on | |
| Therapeutic Monitoring | | common applications absent any context. | |
| Lymphoma, HSA, fast cancers | Apr 04 - Apr 18 | | |
| Solid Tumors, slow/indolent cancers | May 06 - Jul 05 | For more case-specific guidelines, email: consult@vdilab.com | |
| Remission Monitoring | | | |
| Lymphoma, HSA, fast cancers | Apr 04 - Apr 18 | - | |
| Solid Tumors, slow/indolent cancers | May 06 - Jul 05 | | |
| Mass Removal/Metastatic Disease | Apr 04 - Apr 18 | Allow for complete wound healing | |